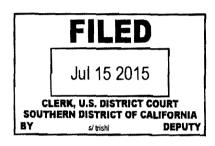
LAURA E. DUFFY 1 United States Attorney ANNE KRISTINA PERRY 2 Assistant United States Attorney California Bar No. 107440 3 Federal Office Building 880 Front Street, Room 6293 San Diego, California 92101-8893 Telephone: (619) 546-7964 5 Email: anne.perry2@usdoj.gov 6 DANIEL W. DOOHER Senior Trial Attorney 7 Environmental Crimes Section Environment and Natural Resources Division New York Bar No. 2041416 601 D St NW Washington, DC 20004 10 Email: daniel.dooher@usdoj.gov 11 Attorneys for United States of America 12 13 14 15



UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

ν.

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

ATLAS WOOD PRODUCTS, INC., (1)

FRANCISCO RAMIREZ, (2)

15CR '15 CR1828 LAB Case No.

INFORMATION

Title 18, United States Code, Sec. 1001(a)(3) - Use of False Writing or Document in a Matter concerning a Federal Agency; Title 7, United States Code, Sec. 7734(a) - Use of Counterfeit Stamp in Violation of Plant Protection Act

The United States Attorney Charges:

ALLEGATIONS COMMON TO ALL COUNTS:

Defendants A.

1. Defendant ATLAS WOOD PRODUCTS. INC. California was corporation, located in San Diego, California. Defendant ATLAS WOOD

CR**-INI

PRODUCTS, INC. operated a facility that manufactured, recycled, and repaired wooden pallets.

2. Defendant FRANCISCO RAMIREZ was president and owner of defendant ATLAS WOOD PRODUCTS, INC.. As president and owner, defendant FRANCISCO RAMIREZ supervised and had control over the manufacture, recycling and repair of wooden pallets. He also was responsible for ensuring compliance with all local, state and federal laws and regulations.

B. Statutory Framework

- 3. The Plant Protection Act (7 U.S.C. § 7701 et seq.) authorizes the Secretary of Agriculture to "certify as to the freedom of plants, plant products, or biological control organisms from plant pests or noxious weeds, or the exposure of plants, plant products, or biological control organisms to plant pests or noxious weeds, according to the phytosanitary or other requirements of the countries to which the plants, plant products, or biological control organisms may be exported." 7 U.S.C. § 7718.
- 4. Wooden pallets are the most common type of wood packaging material ("WPM"). WPM is pervasive in international trade due to its use in storing and preventing damage to commodities. WPM is also a recognized pathway for the introduction and spread of pests in international commerce. Highly destructive wood borers and beetles have been introduced into countries through the importation of untreated WPM.

- 5. To limit the entry and spread of pests in international trade, the International Plant Protection Convention ("IPPC") approved on March 15, 2002, the International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures: Guidelines for Regulating Wood Packaging Material in International Trade, or ISPM-15. ISPM-15 requires WPM, including pallets, to be heat treated or chemically treated and to be stamped with an ISPM-15 stamp of compliance.
- 6. Pursuant to the Plant Protection Act, the Secretary of Agriculture authorizes domestic industry organizations to issue ISPM-15 stamps to facilities such as defendant ATLAS WOOD PRODUCTS, INC. that manufacture, recycle, and repair wooden pallets for use in international commerce. 7 U.S.C. § 7751(a).
- 7. Regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Agriculture pursuant to the Plant Protection Act define an ISPM-15 stamp, as "[a] certificate issued by a representative of the concerned agricultural or forestry industry under the terms of a written agreement with the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, giving assurance that a plant product has been handled, processed, or inspected in a manner required by a foreign government." 7 C.F.R. §§ 353.1, 353.7. The regulations provide that "[a]n industry-issued certificate includes an ISPM-15 quality/treatment mark." Id.
- 8. Pursuant to these rules, the authorization to issue ISPM-15 stamps is granted by the U.S. Department of Agriculture's Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (ALSC), to the American Lumber Standards Committee, a domestic industry non-profit organization

3

4 5

6 7

8 9

11

10

12 13

14

15 16

17 18

19

20 21

22 23

24

25

26 27

28

comprised of manufacturers, distributors, users, and consumers of lumber.

- Stamps used on pallets that bear the ISPM-15 symbol, the 9. trademark of an agency accredited by the ALSC to conduct audits of manufacturing facilities, and U.S. facility numbers indicate that the pallets were manufactured or recycled and treated in compliance with IPPC standards.
- 10. Section 7734(a) of the Plant Protection Act imposes a criminal penalty on "[a] person that knowingly violates this chapter, or knowingly forges, counterfeits, or, without authority from the Secretary, uses, alters, defaces, or destroys any certificate, permit, or other document provided for in this chapter." 7 U.S.C. § 7734(a).
- 11. Under Title 18 of the Federal Criminal Code, a person who "within the jurisdiction of the executive, legislative, or judicial branch of the Government of the United States, knowingly and willfully . . makes or uses any false writing or document knowing the same to contain materially false, fictitious, or fraudulent statement or entry," is subject to criminal penalties. 18 U.S.C. § 1001(a)(3).
- 12. The United States Department of Agriculture is a federal department of the executive branch of the U.S. government. Regulation of wooden pallets such as those manufactured, recycled and repaired by ATLAS WOOD PRODUCTS, INC. falls within the jurisdiction of the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

C. Factual Background

- 13. On or about June 14, 2005, the ALSC issued an ISPM-15 stamp, with the markings "US-4679 HT," to defendant ATLAS WOOD PRODUCTS, INC. Defendant ATLAS WOOD PRODUCTS, INC. was authorized to sell wooden pallets bearing this stamp for use in international commerce, as long as the wood pallets were properly heat treated.
- 14. On or about September 26, 2005, the ALSC issued an additional ISPM-15 stamp, with the markings "US 163523," to defendant ATLAS WOOD PRODUCTS, INC. Defendant ATLAS WOOD PRODUCTS, INC. was authorized to sell wooden pallets bearing this stamp for use in international commerce, as long as the wooden pallets were properly heat treated.
- 15. On or about May 30, 2012, defendant ATLAS WOOD PRODUCTS, INC. was no longer authorized to use stamp US 163523. In or about June 2012, defendant FRANCISCO RAMIREZ obtained a counterfeit stamp with identical markings "US 163523."
- 16. On or about June 14, 2012, defendant ATLAS WOOD PRODUCTS, INC. was no longer authorized to use stamp "US-4679 HT." In or about June 2012, defendant FRANCISCO RAMIREZ obtained a counterfeit stamp with identical markings "US-4679 HT."
- 17. From June 28, 2012, until September 23, 2013, defendant FRANCISCO RAMIREZ knowingly marked and caused wooden pallets to be marked with the counterfeit stamps "US-4679 HT" and "US 163523," even though those pallets had not been heat treated. Defendant FRANCISCO RAMIREZ caused the pallets bearing the counterfeit stamps to be sold

to numerous customers in the United States for use in interstate commerce. Defendant FRANCISCO RAMIREZ acted without authority from the Secretary of Agriculture.

COUNT ONE - Use of False Writing or Document

- 18. From on or about June 28, 2012, until on or about September 23, 2013, defendant ATLAS WOOD PRODUCTS, INC., through its agents and employees acting within the scope of their authority and on behalf of defendant ATLAS WOOD PRODUCTS, INC., in the Southern District to California, did knowingly and willfully make and use a false writing or document, knowing the same to contain a materially false, fictitious or fraudulent statement or entry; to wit, that the wooden pallets defendant ATLAS WOOD PRODUCTS, INC. sold to its customers had been heat treated, in compliance with IPPC standards.
- 19. Defendant ATLAS WOOD PRODUCTS, INC. knew that ISPM-15 stamps applied to its wooden pallets were counterfeit and materially false representations, in that the pallets in fact had not been heat treated.
- All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1001(a)(3).

COUNT TWO - Use of Counterfeit Stampt in Violation of Plant Protection Act

- 20. Paragraphs 1 through 17 are repeated and realleged as though fully incorporated herein.
- 21. From on or about June 28, 2012, until on or about September 23, 2013, in the Southern District of California, defendant FRANCISCO

RAMIREZ knowingly used counterfeit ISPM-15 stamps, by applying and directing their application to wooden pallets manufactured, recycled or repaired by defendant ATLAS WOOD PRODUCTS, INC., without authority from the Secretary of Agriculture.

22. From on or about June 28, 2012, until on or about September 23, 2013, in the Southern District of California, defendant FRANCISCO RAMIREZ knowingly sold and caused the sale of wooden pallets with the counterfeit ISPM-15 stamps to customers who had requested heat-treated pallets for use in international commerce.

All in violation of Title 7, United States Code, section 7734(a).

7/15/2015 7/15/2015

LAURA E. DUFFY United States Attorney

Assistant U.S.

Senior Trial A

Environmental Crimes Section